

Marietta City Schools

District Unit Planner

Everything on the unit planner must be included on the unit curriculum approval statement.

Science Grade 6 Advanced Studies

Unit title Earth-Moon-Sun MYP year 1 Unit duration (hrs) 20.25 Hours

Mastering Content and Skills through INQUIRY (Establishing the purpose of the Unit): What will students learn?

GaDoE Standards

Standards

- S6E2. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information about the effects of the relative positions of the sun, Earth, and moon.
 - a. Develop and use a model to demonstrate the phases of the moon by showing the relative positions of the sun, Earth, and moon.
 - b. Construct an explanation of the cause of solar and lunar eclipses.
 - c. Analyze and interpret data to relate the tilt of the Earth to the distribution of sunlight throughout the year and its effect on seasons.
- **S6E3. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information to recognize the significant role of water in Earth's processes.** d. Analyze and interpret data to create graphic representations of the causes and effects of waves, currents, and <u>tides</u> in Earth's Systems.
- S6E5. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information to show how Earth's Surface is formed.
 - d. Ask questions to identify types of weathering, agents of erosion and transportation, and environments of deposition. (*Clarification statement:* Environments of deposition include deltas, barrier islands, beaches, marshes, and rivers.)
- Prior Student Knowledge: (REFLECTION PRIOR TO TEACHING THE UNIT)

In 4th grade, students should have mastered the following:

- S4E2. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information to model the effects of the position and motion of the Earth and the moon in relation to the sun as observed from the Earth.
 - b. Develop a model based on observations to describe the repeating pattern of the phases of the moon (new, crescent, quarter, gibbous, and full).
 - c. Construct an explanation of how Earth's orbit, with its consistent tilt, affects seasonal changes.

Concepts/Skills to be Mastered by Students

- Lunar Cycle (Eclipses)
- Seasons
- Elliptical Orbit
- Tilt of the Earth
- Revolution/Rotation
- Direct/Indirect Sunlight
- Gravity
- Tides

Key Vocabulary: (KNOWLEDGE & SKILLS)

Lunar cycle, elliptical orbit, phases, crescent moon, quarter moon, gibbous moon, waxing, waning, spring tides, neap tides, solar eclipse, lunar eclipse, penumbra, umbra, shadow, partial, total, annular, tilt, seasons, synchronous rotation, tidally locked, tides (high and low, neap and spring), rotation, revolution, orbit, axis, horizon, gravitational pull, weathering, erosion, deposition, beaches, barrier islands

Year-Long Anchoring Phenomena: (LEARNING PROCESS)

Earth is the only planet in our solar system that is able to support life.

Unit Phenomena (LEARNING PROCESS)

Why do we see the moon in different phases? What causes solar and lunar eclipses?

A Total Eclipse in Day/Night Georgia

How do tides impact the Georgia coast?

Tides on the Georgia Coast

Possible Preconceptions/Misconceptions: (REFLECTION – PRIOR TO TEACHING THE UNIT)

Some students may be under the impression that the moon actually changes shape as it progresses through each of the phases.

Students are likely unaware that the Earth and moon are tidally locked (we always see the same side of the moon). Students often have difficulty correctly positioning the sun, Earth, and moon in order to see the natural progression of its phases. Student experiences may have been limited to 2D modeling.

Students may confuse the orientation of the Earth, moon, and sun for solar and lunar eclipses.

Students may have difficulty interpreting a model in order to identify the seasons in the Northern and Southern Hemisphere based on the orientation of the sun and the Earth, as well as the Earth's Tilt.

Students may need opportunities to visualize the angles at which the sun appears in the sky relative to the horizon as it relates to seasonal changes.

Students may confuse solstices and equinoxes.

Students may not have foundational knowledge about what tides are, what they look like, and what causes tides.

Key concept	Related concept(s)	Global context
Change Change is a conversion, transformation or movement from one form, state or value to another. Inquiry into the concept of change involves understanding and evaluating causes, processes and consequences.	Systems (MYP/CCC) Models (MYP/CCC)	Motion and orientation in time and space Orientation in space and time explores personal histories; homes and journeys; turning points in humankind; discoveries; explorations and migrations of humankind; the relationships between and the interconnectedness of individuals and civilizations from personal, local and global perspectives.

Statement of inquiry

System models can be used to demonstrate and explain the motion and orientation of the Earth, Moon, and Sun.

Inquiry questions

Factual

What are the different phases of the moon? What are solar and lunar eclipses? What does the Earth experience during a solar eclipse? What is a tide?

Conceptual

Why do we see different phases of the moon?

How does the orientation of the Earth, moon, and sun affect the phase of the moon that we see? Why do solar and lunar eclipses occur?

Why are solar and lunar eclipses only visible at certain times?

How do the Earth, moon, and sun align during solar and lunar eclipses?

Why do some parts of the world have four distinct seasons, while others do not?

Why does the number of hours of daylight increase and decrease over the course of a year? How does this relate to seasonal changes?

How do tides impact the coast of Georgia?

Debatable

How can I make a three-dimensional model that best illustrates the phases of the moon while showing the relative positions of the sun, Earth, and moon?

 $\label{thm:control} \mbox{How would systems on Earth be impacted if the moon no longer revolved around the Earth?}$

How could the moon phases be used as a reliable calendar?

Based upon the patterns of weathering, erosion, and deposition along the Georgia coast, where along the coast would you choose to live?

MYP Objectives	Assessment Tasks		
What specific MYP objectives will be addressed during this unit?	Relationship between summative assessment task(s) and statement of inquiry:	List of common formative and summative assessments.	
Criterion A: Knowing and Understanding ii. Apply scientific knowledge and understanding to solve problems set in familiar situations and suggest solutions to problems set in unfamiliar situations iii. Interpret information to make scientifically supported judgments Criterion C: Processing and Evaluating i. present collected and transformed data ii. interpret data and outline results using scientific reasoning iii. discuss the validity of a prediction based on the outcome of the scientific investigation	Students will have a choice in demonstrating and explaining the motion and orientation of the moon or sun by constructing either a solar eclipse or lunar eclipse. Students will have to also provide an explanation of either a solar eclipse or a lunar eclipse.	Formative Assessment(s): Common Formative Assessment 1 Summative Assessment(s): Paper 1 (Common Multiple Choice Assessment) Paper 2 Earth-Moon-Sun (Student-Choice Short Answer Assessment)	

iv. discuss the validity of the method				
v. describe improvements or extensions to the method				
Criterion D: Reflecting on the Impacts of Science				
iii. apply scientific language effectively				
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Criterion D: Reflecting on the Impacts of Science				
iii. apply scientific language effectively				
Approaches to learning (ATL)				
Category: Thinking Cluster: Critical-Thinking Skill Indicator: Use models and simulations to explore complex systems and issues. Gather and organize relevant information to formulate an argument.				
<u>Learning Experiences</u>				
Add additional rows below as needed.				

Learning Experiences

Personalized Learning and Differentiation

Objective or Content

Content Resources				
Lab Aid: Explaining the moon phases Activity	Obtain, evaluate and communicate how the Earth sun moon system affects lunar phases.	 NGSS Case Study 7: Gifted and Talented Students Next Generation Science Standards: "All Standards, All Students" 		
Lab Aid: Predictable Moon Activity	Develop and use a model of the Earth sun moon system to make predictions of cyclic patterns of lunar phases.	School Environmental Science Techbook Extensions – Enrichment Tasks/Projects		
Lab Aid: Angle of the Sun Investigation	Students will develop models and use models to determine how the angle of the sun relates to the amount of solar energy received at a given area on Earth's surface.	 Lab-Aids Experiences Capstone Connections Discovery Education High 		

Georgia Grade 6 Science Solar System and Beyond Instructional Segment

Discovery Education Grade 6 Science Techbook

Discovery Education High School Environmental Science Techbook

Lab Aids: Solar Systems and Beyond Equipment Package

Gizmos

Capstone Connections

Solar Energy Design Cycle Launch Task II

Sustainability Exploration Activity

Solar Oven